# CS30 (Discrete Math in CS), Summer 2021

#### **Drill 21+22**

Topic: Graphs

### Instructions

- Please submit all homework electronically in PDF, ideally typeset using LaTeX. If your handwriting is not legible, you may get 0 points.
- The drills below are supposed to be quick to do and quick to check. If a grader cannot read and understand your solution to a given drill exercise in **1 minute**, you may get a 0.
- **Collaboration Policy:** You should be able to and indeed should do the drills on your own. Collaboration is not allowed. You can ask clarification questions on Ed Discussion **privately**; the instruction team may choose to make it public. You can refer to the recommended textbook, your own course notes, posted videos, and the posted lecture notes. **Not** the web. When in doubt, consult the instructor.

# Exercise 1. (2 points)

Let G = (V, E) be a graph, and u, v, w be some three vertices of G. True or False:

If there is a path from u to v in G, and a path from v to w in G, then there is a path from u to w in G which contains v.

If you answer true, give a very short reason. If you answer false, draw a counterexample.

## Exercise 2. (5 points)

- Draw all possible trees on 3 vertices  $\{a, b, c\}$ . (1 point)
- Draw all possible trees on 4 vertices  $\{a, b, c, d\}$ . (2 points)
- Prove that the number of trees on *n* vertices must be  $\geq \frac{n!}{2}$ . (2 points) Hint: look at the trees you have drawn in the two parts above.

Not for points, but for your wondering: how many trees do you think are there on n vertices? You can write your thoughts down if you want to.